

Entity self-certification declaration

Please read through the entire form including the explanatory notes before filling it out.

About this form

An entity can be a trust, company, charity, pension fund or some other body.

This form is used to confirm the details of an entity for tax purposes.

Where you see a number in this format '1', we've provided further information in our 'Notes' section.

Words in **bold** are defined terms that we explain in the 'Definitions' section at the end of this form.

Please complete this form by typing in the boxes, including the signature box and emailing it to clientsupport@arc.aegon.co.uk

Our email system and the way we deal with data internally is secure. However we're unable to ensure the security of emails before they reach us. Please consider this when sending us sensitive information. Whenever you see this icon \bowtie , you may have to send us additional information.

If your personal circumstances mean you need any additional support, or if you'd like a large print, Braille or audio CD version of this document, please call 0345 680 1234 (call charges will vary) or visit aegon.co.uk/support

Please complete sections 2 and 3.

1. Entity details

Entity/Owner name	Is the entity:
	A financial institution (including a professionally managed trust) — tell us your
Address	Global Adviser Identification Number (GIIN) ¹
	below if available.
Postcode	A non-participating financial institution
Diatform investor number (if applicable)	A UK registered pension fund ²
Platform investor number (if applicable)	A court deputy
	Please complete section 3.
Plan number	An actively trading non-financial institution (includes most charities or not for profit organisations)
	A non-trading investment body (including a non-professionally managed trust)
	Other – please specify

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For tax purpose	s, is the entity resi	dent anywhere othe	r than the UK ³ ?		
☐ No – please	complete section	3.			
		ries in which the enti ification number(s) ('		x purposes, togethe	r with any Tax
Country/Count	Country/Countries of tax residency		Tax reference/Tax identification number(s)		
Yes – for ea	rocess, please list t	on identified as part on the controlling persor any Tax reference nu	n's details and the co	ountry or countries i	•
Full name	Date of birth (dd/mm/yyyy)	Full address	What makes this individual a controlling	Country/Countries of tax residency	Tax reference number(s)

If there are more than four controlling persons, you can continue on a separate sheet of paper, sign it and attach it to this form.

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2. Residency details – continued

The International Tax Compliance Regulations 2015 give effect to three separate agreements:

- the Multilateral Competent Authority Agreement on the Automatic Exchange of Financial Account Information, which implements the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development's (OECD's) Common Reporting Standard (CRS);
- the revised European Directive on Administrative Co-operation (DAC). and
- the UK's agreement with the United States regarding the US Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA).

These new regulations were enacted in the UK as the International Tax Compliance Regulations 2015/878 and require us to collect information about each entity's tax residency and to share information on their account with HM Revenue & Customs (HMRC) in certain circumstances. HMRC will then share this information with the tax authorities in the relevant countries and territories that are party to the three agreements listed above. If we don't receive a valid self-certification, we'll have to report the entity as an undocumented account to HMRC.

Please tell us if any of the entity's information changes in the future. If you have any questions about the entity's tax residency, please contact your tax adviser.

For further information on International Tax Information Exchange please see our website, the HMRC website or, for more information on trusts, the STEP website.

3. Declaration

In this declaration, 'we' means the entity and those who control the entity and 'you' means Aegon.

We've provided details through self-certification of all countries in which we are resident for tax purposes. We declare the information provided is, to the best of our knowledge, correct and complete. We acknowledge that you might have to report information about the entity and those controlling the entity to HMRC in accordance with UK legislation and HMRC might then share these details with the tax authorities in the relevant countries and territories that are party to the three agreements listed above.

We'll undertake to provide you with an updated self-certification form where a change in circumstances causes any of the information contained in this form to no longer be correct.

You should sign and date this form by typing your full name in the signature box below and typing the date in the date box or by using any other electronic signature method we have agreed, in writing with your adviser, to accept. Your typed name or agreed electronic signature method in the signature box will be your signature. When you sign the form, by typing your name in this box or using the agreed electronic signature method, you are making the declarations and confirming that you wish to proceed with the instructions in this form

Date D D M M Z O Y Y	Date D D M M 2 0 Y Y
Print name of the entity's authorised signatory ⁷	Print name of the entity's authorised signatory ⁷
Signature of entity's authorised signatory (type name here) ⁷	Signature of entity's authorised signatory (type name here) ⁷
X X	X X

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3. **Declaration** – continued

Date Date D D D 2 0 2 0 Print name of the entity's authorised signatory⁷ Print name of the entity's authorised signatory⁷ Signature of entity's authorised signatory Signature of entity's authorised signatory (type name here)⁷ $(type name here)^7$ X X X X

Notes

If you've any questions on how to complete this form we recommend that you speak to your professional adviser.

- 1. If you don't have a GIIN yet, you should notify us when you've been issued one. GIIN numbers have been required since 1 January 2015.
- 2. This form is required where the pension fund invests in a product which falls within the scope of the regulations, such as a General Investment Account.
- 3. Tax residency rules for entities vary from country to country, and can be quite complicated. If there's doubt about where an entity is tax resident, professional advice may be required.

- 4. Controlling persons for a trust this includes the settlor, trustee, protector (if any), beneficiary or class of beneficiaries. For any other entity, it includes a shareholder and/or any other individual controlling the investment.
- **5.** A beneficiary's details only need to be included if they own or are entitled to at least 25% of the trust property.
- 6. A shareholder's details need to be included where they own or control more than 25% of the shares or voting rights or they own less than 25% but the percentage of their shareholding is significantly higher than any other.
- 7. An authorised signatory can be the directors of a company, the trustees of a trust, the directors or trustees of a charity or the trustees or scheme administrators of a pension fund.

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Definitions

Actively trading non-financial institutions

Private companies and partnerships, for example manufacturing companies, solicitors or accountancy firms, or other companies carrying out trades or supplying services.

Global Adviser Identification Number

(GIIN) — this is the number issued to a financial institution when its registration is approved by the US Internal Revenue Service.

Non-trading investment body

For example, a trust with no professional trustees, there's no one employed to professionally manage the trust and no discretionary fund manager. Where the only trustee investment is a unit linked investment bond and there are no professional trustees. the trust is likely to fall in this category. It would also include private companies, partnerships and other legal arrangements that are not actively trading, for example where they only exist to hold investments or receive investment income. Extra scrutiny of these investment bodies is required under these regulations as we're required to identify the controlling persons behind these bodies and their tax residency status.

Other

Examples of other entities could include government agencies or bodies of an international character. Reference to the detailed specific guidance issued by HMRC may be required when dealing with such entities.

Financial institution

This includes a bank, a custodial institution, an investment entity, another life insurance company and professionally managed trusts. A professionally managed trust is where there's a professional trustee, a professional employed to manage the trust, or a discretionary fund manager employed to directly manage the trust investments.

Non-participating financial institution

This is a financial institution which isn't complying with its FATCA requirements and as a result will be subject to withholding.



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